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4	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA	
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7	CHRISTINE D. HAUCK,	
8	Plaintiff,	CASE NO. C13-5729 BHS
9	v.	ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR
10	PHILLIP D. WALKER, et al.,	RECONSIDERATION
11	Defendants.	
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13	This matter comes before the Court on Plaintiff Christine Hauck's ("Hauck")	
14	motion for reconsideration (Dkt. 28).	
15	On February 25, 2014, Defendants filed a motion for summary judgment. Dkt. 18.	
16	On March 31, 2014, the Court granted the motion. Dkt. 28. On April 8, 2014, Hauck	
17	filed a motion for reconsideration. Dkt. 28.	
18	Motions for reconsideration are governed by Local Rule CR 7(h), which provides	
19	as follows:	
20	Motions for reconsideration are disfavored. The court will ordinarily deny such motions in the absence of a showing of manifest error in the prior ruling or a showing of new facts or legal authority which could not have been brought to its attention earlier with reasonable diligence.	
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Local Rule CR 7(h)(1).

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Although Hauck raises numerous issues, she fails to show that reconsideration is warranted. For example, Hauck argues that the Court should have granted her leave to amend her complaint instead of dismissing her claims. Dkt. 28 at 4. Defendants, however, moved for summary judgment, which requires an evaluation of the facts submitted in support of each position instead of the allegations contained in the complaint. Hauck's failure to submit facts sufficient to create a question of fact on the issues of whether Defendants violated her constitutional rights was dispositive of these issues and leave to amend would not cure such a deficiency. Moreover, Hauck "disputes Defendants' assertions the submitted warrant [for her arrest] is a true and accurate copy." Dkt. 28 at 6. Hauck alleges that "Defendants altered the warrant to influence the court on Deputy Walker's credibility." *Id.* Unsupported allegations do not create a question of fact, and there is no dispute that a warrant issued for Hauck's arrest on two felony charges. Hauck fails to show that the Court made a manifest error of law in concluding that execution of the warrant did not violate any of Hauck's constitutional rights. Therefore, the Court **DENIES** Hauck's motion for reconsideration.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated this 9th day of April, 2014.

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BENJAMIN H. SETTLE United States District Judge